

Why should you drain your pool or spa water, and backwash to the right location?

- To protect our surface waters and the washes that carry runoff after a rain.
- A large volume of pool or spa water infused with chemicals such as chlorine, bromine, algaecides, biocides, water conditioners, and stabilizers are toxic to desert aquatic wildlife.
- Erosion of soil can cause loss of property as well as clogged storm drainage pipelines.

Report illegal discharges to unpaved roads or if erosion is occurring

Environmental Hotline: (520) 724-7400
Illegal Dumping Hotline: (520) 622-5800
<http://www.deq.pima.gov/complaints/compform.html>

Know the law:

State law requires freshwater swimming pool and spa water be dechlorinated or debrominated before being released from the property. All pool drainage not being discharged to the sanitary sewer must be visually clear, colorless, and free of suspended solids, floating material, and debris. Saltwater pools may **not** be drained outdoors. The specific requirements are defined in the Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) De Minimis General Permit (Part I.B.6.d).

Pima County Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department has established the Swimming Pool Water Discharge General Guidance (Procedure Number PN0027-01, effective July 1, 2013 through July 1, 2015) generally authorizing the discharge of swimming pool water into the public sewer system.

This brochure is one of a series about stormwater pollution prevention in unincorporated Pima County. Other topics of interest include:
Pet Waste
Construction Sites
Industrial Facilities
Spills
Residential
and are available on the PDEQ website.

For more information:
Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) General De Minimis Permit contact:
Arizona Department of Environmental Quality
Lavinia Wright - (602) 771-4585

Pima County Industrial Wastewater Discharge Program,
Swimming Pool Water Discharge
General Guidance contact
(520)724-6200



PIMA COUNTY
Department of Environmental Quality
33 N. Stone Avenue, Suite 700
Tucson AZ, 85701-1429
<http://www.deq.pima.gov/water/stwmgmprog.html>
Clean Water Program
(520) 724-7400

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION



SWIMMING POOLS AND SPAS

Draining Your Swimming Pool & Spa Guidelines

Preparing to Discharge Your Pool or Spa...

1. Decide which of the three options you will use to discharge your water: directly to your landscaping, to a paved road, or to the sewer. Salt water pools must be drained to the sanitary sewer.
2. If discharging to outdoors, dechlorinate your water by allowing the water to sit in the sun for one week without adding any chlorine. You may also use a chemical dechlorinating additive (available at your local pool store). Test your pool water before discharging to be sure the water is prepared as follows:
 - chlorine is below 1 part per million (1 milligram/liter);
 - pH is between 6.5 and 9 pH;
 - color is clear and not discolored;
 - water is free of algae ;
 - water is free of other chemicals; and
 - water is free of floating material or debris
3. If discharging to the sanitary sewer, find the sewer cleanout (typically in front of the house) or use an internal drain, like a sink or a bathtub.

Option 1: Your Landscaping

Drain prepared water to your grass, trees and bushes on your property allowing it to soak into the ground, *if and only if...*

- water stays on your property and does not flow onto your neighbor's property;
- the flow does not cause erosion; and
- the environment is not harmed.

Option 2: Paved Road with Curb; Stormdrain; or Wash

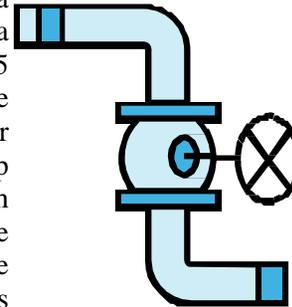
Drain prepared water to the roadway that has a curb, stormdrain, or into a wash, *if and only if...*

- water does not flow on to a neighbor's property;
- water does not cause any erosion of the drainage channels or washes; and
- water is non-toxic to the environment.

Option 3: Sanitary Sewer

There are no limitations on chlorine content or pH levels for discharges to the sanitary sewer. You can also discharge to the sewer if the water is cloudy, discolored, or contains algae.

Using a hose, connect a siphon or pump with a capacity less than 15 gallons per minute to the access "cap" of sewer cleanout. Run the pump during low-use hours, such as the afternoon or late night hours. Control the flow so the sewer line does not overflow.



Use of public manholes or cleanouts within the public street is prohibited due to potential traffic and public safety concerns. Also, do not drain swimming pool or spa water to your septic system as it may cause system failure.

For questions, call the Pima County Swimming Pool Discharge Program at (520) 724-6607.

Discharging pool water to the sanitary sewer is beneficial to the community as it adds to the volume of treated effluent turned into reclaimed water. Reclaimed water is used instead of potable water to irrigate landscapes, which conserves drinking water.

FILTER BACKWASH REQUIREMENTS

- Backwashing is defined as the rinsing and/or cleaning of cartridge or sand filters. Filter backwashing produces water that may contain chlorine and/or pollutants.
- Filter backwash water may be discharged to the public sewer system, as described in the attached procedural memorandum issued by the Pima County Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department.
- Filter backwash water may not be discharged offsite to streets or washes. It may be discharged onto the pool/spa owner's property as long as it can be absorbed into the ground.
- Do not allow filter backwash water to flow onto a neighboring property, street, or alley.

RESTRICTIONS: DRAINING POOLS & SPAS

- Acid wash water may **not be** drained off the pool/spa owner's property;
- Pool or spa water shall **not be** emptied until the chlorine content is below 1 part per million (1 milligram/liter);
- Pool or spa water may **not be** discharged into unpaved or strip- paved roads and alleys;
- Pool or spa water may **not** cause erosion; and
- Pools or spas may **not be** permanently connected to a storm drain, drainage channel, or wash.