

SEC. 129. USE OF FUNDS FOR YOUTH WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES.

(a) YOUTH PARTICIPANT ELIGIBILITY.—

(1) ELIGIBILITY.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to participate in activities carried out under this chapter during any program year an individual shall, at the time the eligibility determination is made, be an out-of-school youth or an in-school youth.

(B) OUT-OF-SCHOOL YOUTH.—In this title, the term “out-of-school youth” means an individual who is—

- (i) not attending any school (as defined under State law);
- (ii) not younger than age 16 or older than age 24; and
- (iii) one or more of the following:
 - (I) A school dropout.
 - (II) A youth who is within the age of compulsory school attendance, but has not attended school for at least the most recent complete school year calendar quarter.
 - (III) A recipient of a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent who is a low-income individual and is—
 - (aa) basic skills deficient; (A youth who has English reading, writing, or computing skills at or below the 8th grade (8.9 or lower) level on a generally accepted standardized test)*, or
 - (bb) an English language learner.
 - (IV) An individual who is subject to the juvenile or adult justice system.
 - (V) A homeless individual (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14043e–2(6))), a homeless child or youth (as defined in section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2))), a runaway, in foster care or has aged out of the foster care system, a child eligible for assistance under section 477 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 677), or in an out of-home placement.
 - (VI) An individual who is pregnant or parenting.
 - (VII) A youth who is an individual with a disability.
 - (VIII) A low-income individual who requires additional assistance to enter or complete an educational program or to secure or hold employment.

(C) IN-SCHOOL YOUTH.—In this section, the term “in-school youth” means an individual who is—

- (i) attending school (as defined by State law);
- (ii) not younger than age 14 or (unless an individual with a disability who is attending school under State law) older than age 21;
- (iii) a low-income individual; and

- (iv) one or more of the following:
 - (I) Basic skills deficient.
 - (II) An English language learner.
 - (III) An offender.
 - (IV) A homeless individual (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14043e-2(6))), a homeless child or youth (as defined in section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2))), a runaway, in foster care or has aged out of the foster care system, a child eligible for assistance under section 477 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 677), or in an out-of-home placement.
 - (V) Pregnant or parenting.
 - (VI) A youth who is an individual with a disability.
 - (VII) An individual who requires additional assistance to complete an educational program or to secure or hold employment.(5%)

(2) SPECIAL RULE.—For the purpose of this subsection, the term “low-income”, used with respect to an individual, also includes a youth living in a high-poverty area.

(3) EXCEPTION AND LIMITATION.—

(A) EXCEPTION FOR PERSONS WHO ARE NOT LOW-INCOME INDIVIDUALS.—

- (i) DEFINITION.—In this subparagraph, the term “covered individual” means an in-school youth, or an out-of-school youth who is described in subclause (III) or (VIII) of paragraph (1)(B)(iii).
- (ii) EXCEPTION.—In each local area, not more than 5 percent of the individuals assisted under this section may be persons who would be covered individuals, except that the persons are not low-income individuals.

(B) LIMITATION.—In each local area, not more than 5 percent of the in-school youth assisted under this section may be eligible under paragraph (1) because the youth are in-school youth described in paragraph (1)(C)(iv)(VII).

* Basic skills deficient.--The term “basic skills deficient” means, with respect to an individual--

- (A) who is a youth, that the individual has English reading, writing, or computing skills at or below the 8th grade level on a generally accepted standardized test; or
- (B) who is a youth or adult, that the individual is unable to compute or solve problems, or read, write, or speak English, at a level necessary to function on the job, in the individual's family, or in society.