PAVED and DECOMPOSED GRANITE PATHWAYS

PAVED PATHWAY

The top of the completed soil-cement bank protection serves as the base for most of the paved pathway. Care is taken to insure that the top layer is as smooth as possible.

In Fort Lowell Park where the bank protection was not available as a base, the paved pathway location is staked and graded. An engineered gravel base is placed and a tackifying oil is sprayed before paving.
Pantano Wash Bank Protection and River Park: Fort Lowell to Tanque Verde Road

PAVED and DECOMPOSED GRANITE PATHWAYS

Oil tackifier on soil-cement base.

Trucks carrying hot asphalt are back into the paving machine.
PAVED and DECOMPOSED GRANITE PATHWAYS

Delivery of hot asphalt to paving machine.

Paver laying hot asphalt to create the paved pathway.
Drum roller compacting the hot asphalt creating a hard surface.

Several passes are needed to create a uniformly compacted surface.
PAVED and DECOMPOSED GRANITE PATHWAYS

Paved surface on top of soil cement bank protection

Paved surface in Fort Lowell Park.
Striping is the last construction element in completing the paved pathway.

Equestrian Crossing.
Decomposed granite delivered to project site.

Spreading of the decomposed granite using a tuck mounted hopper.
Plywood shields contains DG from spreading beyond the intended limits.

DG is compacted using a steel drum roller.
PAVED and DECOMPOSED GRANITE PATHWAYS

connecting DG pathway along the north side of Glenn Road.

Fort Lowell connection before placement of DG.
PAVED and DECOMPOSED GRANITE PATHWAYS

Connecting DG pathway to the Fort Lowell Park parking lot.

Please see Rose Hill Wash Pedestrian Bridge, Safety Railing, and Plazas and Sitting Areas packets for more information on other aspects of the river park associated with the Paved and Decomposed Granite Pathways.