Provider calls should only be forwarded to Public Health when:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hospitalized</th>
<th>Regardless of Hospitalization Status</th>
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</table>
| Patient is **hospitalized** with **all** of the following:  
  - Fever **AND** (cough **OR** shortness of breath)  
  - Flu – Negative  
  - Respiratory Viral Panel (RVP) – Negative  
  - Bilateral pulmonary infiltrates  
  OR  
  Patient is **hospitalized** with **all** of the following:  
  - Fever **AND** (cough **OR** shortness of breath)  
  - Traveled from a country with **CDC Level 3 Travel Health Notice** or area in the US with widespread transmission** within 14 days of symptom onset  
  OR  
  Patient traveled from a country with **CDC Level 3 Travel Health Notice** or area in the US with widespread transmission** within 14 days of symptom onset  
  **AND**  
  Lives in a long-term care facility, nursing home, or rehab facility  
  OR  
  Works in healthcare, school, childcare, jail/prison, or other similar occupation  
  **AND**  
  Fever **OR** (cough **OR** shortness of breath)  
|  

If patients **do not** fit within one of these four categories and the provider wants to test for COVID-19, then the provider calls should **NOT** be referred to Public Health and provider should coordinate testing through a commercial laboratory.

*Countries with widespread sustained spread**

**U.S. counties with widespread transmission: Seattle-King, Pierce and Snohomish Counties, WA; Santa Clara, CA; Westchester County, NY**

† Close contact is defined as being within 6 feet of ill individuals for greater than 10 minutes